Test Date: 22 May 2016  |  PG-QP – 04  |  Time: 3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

**Entrance Test for the course:** M.A. English [CURAJ, CUKAS, CUHAR, CUKNK, CUPUN], English and Comparative Literature [CUJAM, CUKER], English Studies [CUTND].

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**Instructions to Candidates**

1. Do NOT open the Question Booklet until the Hall Superintendent gives the signal for the commencement of the examination.
2. Write your Name, Roll Number and Test Center Code (as found in the Admit Card) and sign in the space provided above.
3. After the commencement of the examination, open the Question Booklet. If the Question Booklet or the OMR Answer Sheet or both are not in good condition, then ask for immediate replacement. No replacement will be made 5 minutes after the commencement of the examination.
4. In the ANSWER SHEET (OMR) fill up / shade the required entries (Roll Number, Test Center Code, Test Paper Code, Question Booklet Number, Test Paper Series Code etc in the space provided) using black/blue ball point pen.
5. Part A of the Question Booklet contains 25 questions. Part B of the Question Booklet contains 75 questions. A candidate is required to answer all the questions.
6. All questions are in MCQ pattern. There is only one most appropriate correct answer for each question.
7. All questions carry equal marks. There will be negative marking in CUCET-2016. Each correct answer carries 03 marks and for each wrong answer, 01 mark will be deducted. Questions not attempted will not be assessed and hence will not be considered for preparing final merit list.
8. Darken only one circle for each question. If you darken more than one circle for the question, it will be deemed as incorrect answer. Any change in the answer once marked is NOT allowed.
9. Use the Answer Sheet carefully. No spare Answer Sheet will be given.
10. After completion of examination, a candidate will be allowed to take with him Question Booklet and Candidate’s copy of OMR answer sheet. However, each candidate must ensure to handover original copy of OMR sheet to the Invigilator. In case a candidate takes away the original OMR answer sheet, his/her examination will be treated as cancelled.
11. No candidate will be allowed to leave the examination hall before completion of Entrance Test. Total time allowed for the paper is 2 Hours.
12. Calculators, tables or any other calculating devices, mobiles, pagers, Booklets, Papers etc. are strictly prohibited for this examination.
13. Rough work should be done on the blank space provided in this question Booklet. No extra paper will be provided.
SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
PART – A

Choose the most grammatically correct and meaningful option following the direction given for each question.

**Direction** : Find out the word approximately opposite in meaning to the given word.

1. Agony
   A) pain B) bliss C) excitement D) fear

**Direction** : Find out the one word substitution for the given sentence.

   A) straight forward B) maiden C) verbose D) extempore

**Direction** : Find out the phrase nearest in meaning to the given word.

3. Alienate
   A) to make friendly B) to travel widely C) to make isolated D) to ban

**Direction** : Give a substitute that best expresses the meaning of the idiom/phrase marked in bold letters in the given sentence.

4. The detective left no stone unturned to trace the culprit.
   A) took no pains B) did very irrelevant things C) resorted to illegitimate practices D) used all available means

**Direction** : Complete the given sentence by choosing the right combination of the words mentioned as options.

5. It is useless to attempt to _____ from every danger, some ________ must be taken.
   A) escape, chances B) free, results C) protect, judgements D) dissociate, opportunities

**Direction** : Fill in the blanks with suitable articles.

6. I saw __________snake in ______ grass.
   A) the, the B) the, a C) an, the D) a, the
**Direction**: Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions.

7. The moon rose ________ twelve O’clock ________ the night.
   A) in, at B) at, to C) at, in D) to, in

**Direction**: Fill in the blank with the appropriate word(s) to complete the following sentence.

8. There________ any message from my teacher, since she moved to London.
   A) isn’t B) wasn’t C) hasn’t been D) hadn’t been

**Direction**: Fill in the blank with the correct form of the verb ‘slam’.

9. He __________ the door whenever he goes out of the room.
   A) slammed B) slams C) slam D) slamming

**Direction**: Choose the correct one from the following sentences.

10. A) The sooner a thing is done, the better it is.
    B) The sooner things is done, the better it is.
    C) The sooner things is done, better it is.
    D) The sooner a thing is done, a better it is.

11. The Indian Institute of Remote Sensing is located at
    A) Hyderabad B) Bengaluru C) Dehradun D) Ahmadabad

12. World Cancer Day (WCD) is observed every year on
    A) 4 February B) 5 February C) 2 February D) 3 February

13. The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) was established on
    A) 1st April 1935 B) 21st April 1943 C) 1st April 1940 D) 15th August 1947

14. “NITI Aayog” stands for
    A) National Institution for Transforming India Aayog
    B) National Institution for Transition India Aayog
    C) National Institution for Trade India Aayog
    D) National Information for Transforming India Aayog

15. First Chief Justice of India was
    A) M. Patanjali Sastri B) Mehar Chand Mahajan
    C) Zakir Hussain D) Hiralal J. Kania
16. Who wrote the book ‘War and Peace’?
   A) Leo Tolstoy  B) Mahatma Gandhi
   C) Charles Dickens  D) Kipling

17. The symbol associated with Buddha’s renunciation is
   A) Bull  B) Horse  C) Lotus  D) Fish

18. “Yakshagana” is a folk dance-drama of
   A) Maharashtra  B) Karnataka  C) Gujarat  D) West Bengal

19. Electrostatic Precipitator is used for the control of
   A) Water Pollution  B) Air Pollution
   C) Solid Waste  D) Noise Pollution

20. Which of the following city is not included in the list of recently announced first 20 cities to be developed as “Smart Cities”?
   A) Bhubaneshwar  B) Jaipur  C) Pune  D) Varanasi

21. Who has won the 2016 Australian Open men’s singles title?
   A) Andy Murray  B) Stan Wawrinka
   C) Novak Djokovic  D) Roger Federer

22. In a certain code language “ASKED” is written as “45211”. How will “EIGHT” be written in that code language?
   A) 59782  B) 28795  C) 72958  D) 95728

23. Arrange the words given below in a meaningful sequence.
   The correct sequence is
   A) 2, 3, 4, 5, 1  B) 2, 3, 4, 1, 5  C) 1, 3, 5, 4, 2  D) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

24. Five girls are sitting on a bench to be photographed. Seema is to the left of Rani and to the right of Bindu. Mary is to the right of Rani. Reeta is between Rani and Mary. Who is sitting immediate right to Reeta?
   A) Bindu  B) Rani  C) Mary  D) Seema

25. Which of the following is not a storage drive?
   A) SSD  B) SSHD  C) HDD  D) SHDD
PART – B

26. Who among the following is not an Irish writer?
   A) Oscar Wilde        B) Oliver Goldsmith
   C) Edmund Burke       D) Thomas Gray

27. “The pen is mightier than the sword” is an example of
   A) Simile            B) Image        C) Conceit        D) Metonymy

28. “If Winter comes, can Spring be far behind?” From which poem is this line taken?
   A) Shelley’s “To a Skylark”   B) John Keats’s “Ode to a Nightingale”
   C) Wordsworth’s “Tintern Abbey” D) Shelley’s “Ode to the West Wind”

29. What is a *neologism*?
   A) A word with roots in a native language
   B) A word whose meaning changes with every renewed use
   C) A word newly coined or used in a new sense
   D) An obsession with new words and phrases

30. Who is the author of *Orientalism*?
   A) Roland Barthes        B) Edward Said
   C) Terry Eagleton        D) Michel Foucault

31. Who called a poet ‘Maker’, ‘Prophet’ and ‘Creator’?
   A) Shelley             B) Sir Philip Sydney
   C) William Wordsworth  D) John Keats

32. The last of *Gulliver’s Travels* is to
   A) The Land of the Houyhnhms  B) The Land of Homosapiens
   C) The Land of the Hurricanes D) The Newfound Land

33. The term ‘the comedy of menace’ is associated with the early plays of
   A) Arnold Wesker         B) John Arden
   C) Harold Pinter        D) David Hare
34. What is the correct combination of the following?
   I. R.K. Narayan  A. Waiting for Mahatma
   II. Mulkraj Anand  B. The Sword and the Sickle
   III. Raja Rao  C. The Cat and Shakespeare
   IV. Anita Desai  D. Cry, the Peacock
   A) I – C; II – D; III – A; IV – B  B) I – D; II – C; III – B; IV – A
   C) I – A; II – D; III – C; IV – B  D) I – A; II – B; III – C; IV – D

35. “Art for Art’s Sake” became a rallying cry for
   A) The Aesthetes  B) The Symbolists
   C) The Imagists  D) The Art Noveau School

36. Who won the Nobel Prize in Literature for 2015?
   A) Alice Munro  B) Svetlana Alexievich
   C) Patrick Modiano  D) Mo Yan

37. Who of the following poets is Australian?
   A) Austin Clarke  B) Judith Wright  C) Edwin Muir  D) Derek Walcott

38. For which novel was Salman Rushdie issued a fatwa?
   A) Midnight’s Children  B) The Satanic Verses
   C) Shame  D) Shalimar the Clown

39. Who wrote “Two Years, Eight Months and Twenty Eight Nights”?
   A) Sashi Tharoor  B) Salman Rushdie
   C) Upamanyu Chatterjee  D) Amitav Ghosh

40. A lyric is
   A) A metrical poem with rhyme
   B) An unmetrical poem with rhyme
   C) A poem which has emotion, feeling and thought
   D) An unrhymed metrical song

41. What is the opposite of ‘Hyperbole’?
   A) Understatement  B) Ironic statement
   C) Exaggeration  D) Factual statement
42. What is the meaning of the term ‘homology’?  
   A) A correspondence between two or more structures  
   B) A correspondence between two or more words  
   C) A correspondence between two or more phrases  
   D) A correspondence between two or more phonemes

43. John Milton’s *Areopagitica* deals with  
   A) Fashion, courtship, seduction  
   B) Absolute sovereignty  
   C) The power of music  
   D) The liberty for unlicensed printing

44. “Fourth World Literature” refers to  
   A) The works of native people living in a land that has been taken over by non-natives  
   B) The works of black people in the United States  
   C) The literature of the marginalized  
   D) The works of non-heterosexuals

45. David Crystal is  
   A) A political analyst  
   B) An anthropologist  
   C) A linguist  
   D) A historian

46. What is the significance of the year 1922 in English literary history?  
   A) Publication of Virginia Woolf’s *A Room of One’s Own*  
   B) Publication of Eliot’s “The Waste Land”  
   C) Establishment of the Bloomsbury group  
   D) Publication of James Joyce’s *Portrait of the Artist as a Young Man*

47. Who of the following are the Lake Poets?  
   A) John Keats, William Wordsworth, Robert Southey  
   B) Robert Southey, William Wordsworth, Shelley  
   C) William Wordsworth, Coleridge, Robert Southey  
   D) William Wordsworth, Coleridge, William Blake

48. The poetry of William Wordsworth and Coleridge was notably influenced by  
   A) The Napoleonic Wars  
   B) The Glorious Revolution  
   C) The French Revolution  
   D) Poor Laws  
   A*
49. Which of these plays of William Shakespeare is a late romance?
   A) The Merchant of Venice, B) Henry VIII, C) King John, D) Winter’s Tale

50. Which of the following is not an elegy?

51. Elizabethan Period is also known as
   A) Regressive Period, B) Renaissance, C) Neo-classical period, D) Augustan Age

52. All the world’s a stage
    And all the men and women merely players;
    They have their exits and their entrances,
    And one man in his time plays many parts,
    His acts being seven ages.

    In which of the following Shakespeare’s plays do the above lines figure?
   A) As You Like It, B) Macbeth, C) King Lear, D) The Merchant of Venice

53. Ariel is a character in
   A) The Tempest, B) Winter’s Tale, C) Henry IV – Part I, D) Othello

54. Who among the following is not a Booker Prize winner?
   A) Kiran Desai, B) Arundhati Roy, C) Anita Desai, D) Arvind Adiga

55. Who wrote *The Alchemist*?

56. Magic Realism is not associated with the writings of
   A) Rohinton Mistry, B) Gabriel Garcia Marquez, C) Salman Rushdie, D) Italo Calvino
57. Tennyson’s *Ulysses* is
   A) A poem expressing the need for going forward and braving the struggles of life
   B) An elegy
   C) A love sonnet
   D) A mock heroic poem

58. Over-ambition is a theme in Shakespeare’s
   A) The Merchant of Venice  B) Macbeth
   C) The Tempest  D) Othello

59. The term *tabula rasa* stands for
   A) Blank mind  B) Full mind
   C) Prelapsarian state  D) Imaginative mind

60. A Shakespearean sonnet has the following rhyme scheme
   A) ABBA, ABBA, CDCDCD  B) ABAB, BCBC, CD CD EE
   C) ABAB, CDCD, EFEF, GG  D) ABBA, ABBA, CDCD, EE

61. Which popular genre of fiction does Jane Austen parody in *Northanger Abbey*?
   A) Historical novel  B) Epistolary novel
   C) Realist novel  D) Gothic romance

62. What is the five line stanza called?
   A) Quatrain  B) Pentain  C) Pentair  D) Polymer

63. What is the single indivisible sound called?
   A) Symbol  B) Phoneme  C) Allophone  D) Morpheme

64. How many diphthongs are there in English Language?
   A) 12  B) 16  C) 8  D) 14

65. Rabindranath Tagore was awarded the Nobel Prize for literature in the year
   A) 1913  B) 1914  C) 1915  D) 1916

66. “Daffodils” is a poem written by
   A) Robert Herrick  B) William Wordsworth
   C) John Keats  D) P.B. Shelley
67. Shelley was expelled from Oxford University due to the publication of
   A) The Revolt of Islam          B) The Necessity of Atheism
   C) The Triumph of Life          D) The Masque of Anarchy

68. “The Rhyme of Ancient Mariner” is about
   A) A perilous mountaineering expedition
   B) The accidental killing of an octopus
   C) An epic battle between men and gods
   D) The guilt and expiation of a sailor

69. Who among the following writers is not one of the University Wits?
   A) John Lyly          B) Thomas Nashe       C) George Peele      D) Ben Jonson

70. Spensarian Stanza consists of
   A) Eight Iambic Pentameter lines followed by sixth Iambic feet
   B) Eight Iambic Pentameter lines followed by seventh Iambic feet
   C) Eight Iambic Pentameter lines followed by eighth Iambic feet
   D) Eight Iambic Pentameter lines followed by ninth Iambic feet

71. The term “egotisical sublime” was coined by
   A) S.T.Coleridge       B) John Keats
   C) William Wordsworth  D) William Hazlitt

72. Who edited The Spectator?
   A) Richard Steele and Joseph Addison
   B) Richard Steele and John Dennis
   C) Richard Steele and John Locke
   D) Richard Steele and Goldsmith

73. Practical Criticism was written by
   A) William Empson       B) W.K.Wimsatt
   C) I.A.Richards         D) F.R.Leavis

74. The Puritans shut down all theatres in England in
   A) 1642      B) 1640      C) 1659      D) 1660

75. Who among the following is credited with the making of the first authoritative
    Dictionary of the English Language?
   A) Bishop Berkley      B) Samuel Johnson
   C) Edmund Burke        D) A.S.Hornby
76. Which of the following books had not influenced M.K.Gandhi’s political thought?
   A) John Ruskin’s *Unto This Last*
   B) Thoreau’s *On Civil Disobedience*
   C) Tolstoy’s *The Kingdom of God is within You*
   D) Sir William Jones’s *Shakuntala*

77. What was the first Indian novel in English?
   A) Bankimchandra Chatterjee’s *Rajmohan’s Wife*
   B) Veerasalingam Pantulu’s *Kanyasulkam*
   C) Bankimchandra Chatterjee’s *Vande Mataram*
   D) Bankimchandra Chatterjee’s *Anandamatha*

78. Which of the Indian novelists is a centenarian?
   A) Mulk Raj Anand  
   B) Nirad C. Chaudhuri
   C) Raja Rao  
   D) Chaman Mahal

79. Which of the following poems uses *terza rima*?
   A) John Keats’s “Ode to a Nightingale”
   B) P.B. Shelley’s “Ode to the West Wind”
   C) William Wordsworth’s “The Solitary Reaper”
   D) Alfred Tennyson’s “Ulysses”

80. “To make arms against a sea of troubles” is an example of
   A) A paradox  
   B) An antithesis
   C) A mixed metaphor  
   D) An epic simile

81. Who wrote *Man and Superman*?
   A) George Bernard Shaw  
   B) George Orwell
   C) Alduous Huxley  
   D) Samuel Beckett

82. Celts were the original inhabitants of
   A) Wales  
   B) Ireland
   C) Kent  
   D) Germany

83. Who among the following has written the essay “The Indian Jugglers”?
   A) Charles Lamb  
   B) William Hazlitt
   C) Thomas de Quincey  
   D) Thomas Love Peacock
84. Who among the following is not a dramatist ?
   A) Girish Karnad       B) Asif Currimboy
   C) Mahesh Dattani     D) Dilip Chitre

85. Which Bible is the earliest English version printed with verse divisions ?
   A) Tyndale’s Translation       B) The Geneva Bible
   C) The Douay- Rheims Version   D) King James Version

86. Modern English emerged from the
   A) South Midland dialect     B) East Midland dialect
   C) French language           D) Northumbrian dialect

87. Who wrote the poem “A River” ?
   A) Nissim Ezekiel        B) Kamala Das
   C) A.K. Ramanujan      D) R. Parthasarathi

88. When did the Glorious Revolution in England take place ?
   A) 1660      B) 1666      C) 1688      D) 1789

89. Who wrote the novel The Vicar of Wakefield ?
   A) George Eliot        B) Charles Dickens
   C) Oliver Goldsmith    D) Thomas Hardy

90. The Restoration Period lasted between
   A) 1660 – 1700   B) 1640 – 1700   C) 1680 – 1720   D) 1660 – 1720

91. Which one of the following is not a characteristic of the Neo-classical School ?
   A) Respect for Classical Rules       B) Didacticism
   C) Treatment of Town Life            D) Treatment of Nature

92. Who invented the printing machine ?
   A) William Caxton       B) Thomas Munroe
   C) William Harvey       D) William James

93. The Romantics exalted the
   A) Role of creative imagination       B) Adherence to the classical unities
   C) Rationality of man                D) The authority of the church
94. Which text is Shakespeare’s *Hamlet* modelled on?
   A) Ralph Roister Doister  
   B) Jew of Malta  
   C) The Spanish Tragedy  
   D) The Courtier  

95. The title of Thomas More’s *Utopia* literally means
   A) A post-apocalyptic society  
   B) An underwater world  
   C) No place  
   D) Paradise  

96. *Everyman in his Humour* was written by
   A) William Shakespeare  
   B) Ben Jonson  
   C) Samuel Johnson  
   D) Christopher Marlowe  

97. “And miles to go before I sleep” is a refrain from the poem
   A) “Postcard from Kashmir”  
   B) “Telephone Conversation”  
   C) “The Signifying Monkey”  
   D) “Stopping by the Woods on a Snowy Evening”  

98. Which of the following novelists is a Canadian?
   A) Margaret Drabble  
   B) Joyce Carol Oates  
   C) Penelope Lively  
   D) Margaret Atwood  

99. *Lyrical Ballads* first appeared in
   A) 1789  
   B) 1798  
   C) 1787  
   D) 1797  

100. Who wrote the following lines and about what?
    “Wisdom and Spirit of the Universe!
    Thou Soul! That art the eternity of thought”
    A) Ben Jonson about god  
    B) Wordsworth about nature  
    C) Keats about beauty  
    D) John Donne about love  

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SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK