PART – A

1. Rabinder Nath Tagore provided his first painting and he was sixty year old then, (correct the sentence)
   A) and he was sixty year old then.
   B) when he was sixty year old then.
   C) at the age of sixty years.
   D) upon reaching sixty years.

2. A shortened form of piece of writing is
   A) Theme                     B) Precis
   C) Proboscis                 D) Saddle

3. Pointing to a man, Praveen said, His daughter Meena is a Grand-daughter of my mother. The man is
   A) Praveen’s father          B) Praveen’s brother
   C) Praveen’s friend          D) Praveen’s uncle

4. A clock seen through a mirror show 8 O’clock, what is the correct time
   A) 12.20                     B) 04.00
   C) 12.40                     D) 08.00

5. Fill in the blanks:-
   At Rome we must do ________ the Romans do
   A) When                     B) Which
   C) as                       D) Since

6. A synonym for the word “Illusory” is
   A) Conceitful                B) Fallacious
   C) Pictorial                 D) Unoriginal

Note: In the questions given below choose the word which must nearly correspond to the meaning of the word given

7. Faux pas
   A) Clever                    B) Blunder
   C) Near                      D) Tactful

8. Despotic
   A) Benign                    B) Subvert
   C) Paternal                  D) Severe
PART – B

26. Paleolithic man in India is also known as
   A) Quartzite man  B) Stone man  C) Iron man  D) Copper man

27. 10000 BC-4000 BC in Pre-historic India is
   A) Paleolithic age  B) Mesolithic Age  C) Bronze Age  D) Stone Age

28. An important Neolithic site in the North West region is
   A) Sakala  B) Taxila  C) Bangarh  D) Mehrgarh

29. A large number of pre-historic rock Shelters in Madhya Pradesh are at
   A) Bhimbetka  B) Khajuraho  C) Indore  D) Bhopal

30. Primitive man first learnt to make
   A) wheel  B) copper  C) fire  D) steel

31. The Great Bath of the Indus Civilization is located at
   A) Rakhigarhi  B) Mohenjodaro  C) Dholavira  D) Ropar

32. The Mature Harrapan phase is from
   A) 2600 BC-1900BC  B) 2000 BC-100 AD  C) 4300 BC-3000 BC  D) 1 AD-100 AD

33. The work INDICA was written by
   A) Chanakya  B) Ashoka  C) Hieun Tsang  D) Megasthenes

34. The capital of Kanishka of the Kushan Empire was
   A) Delhi  B) Kurukshetra  C) Puruspura  D) Lahore

35. Iron began to be used more frequently since
   A) 800 BC  B) 1000 BC  C) 1600 BC  D) 2000 BC

36. A group of families in Vedic society were called
   A) vish  B) jana  C) grama  D) gotra

37. Mitakshara treatise of Hindu Law was written by
   A) Manu  B) Hemadri  C) Vagneswara  D) Jamhitvan

38. The reason for the evolution of Kingship in Vedic society was
   A) Conquest  B) Social standing  C) War spirit  D) Trade

39. Ratnakara refers to
   A) Bay of Bengal  B) Arabian Sea  C) Confluence of rivers  D) Indian Ocean

40. Anuloma according to the Dharmashastras is a marriage of
   A) high caste man with low caste woman  B) same caste
   C) low caste man with high caste woman  D) high caste

41. The Vishnu Purana gives an account of the
   A) Vardhanas  B) Indus Civilization  C) Mauryas  D) Guptas